

# (Further) Improving Development Cooperation

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# 1. Aid Cooperation in Tanzania

- 50 years of cooperation - Tanzania and Development Partners have come a long way.
- The JAST builds on a decade of aid reform.
- Positive progress but challenges remain -
- But... the direction is right.

## 2. Paris Declaration Survey Tanzania 2011

- GoT and 23 DPs involved
- Assesses 5 areas – Ownership, Harmonisation, Alignment, Managing for Development Results and Mutual Accountability.
- Both very encouraging and worrying trends
- Challenges are not country unique

# 3. Global lessons - *5 years after Paris*

## Independent Paris Declaration Evaluation 2011

- Partner Countries:
  - Many reforms
  - Good momentum
  - Slow and varied implementation
- Development Partners:
  - Uneven implementation
  - Risk-averse
  - Less peer pressure

# 4. Recommendations of Global Evaluation

1. A broader spectrum of actors should be involved (moving from Donor-Recipient Country relationship towards a much broader cooperation with CSOs, NSAs, private initiatives and foundations, non-DAC DPs and increasingly important national resources: the effectiveness of these combined efforts should remain in focus.
2. PD principles are still relevant but balance between technical/bureaucratic approach and high-level political commitment should be ensured.
3. Broader mutual accountability framework should take centre stage including risk-management.

## 4. Recommendations of Global Evaluation

4. Strong leadership (by all stakeholders but especially partner countries) is key for the reform agenda to progress effectively.
5. Independent facilitation of the reform agenda can be very useful, to some extent similarly to Tanzania's Independent Monitoring Group
6. Capacity development efforts need to take centre stage with long-term commitments.

## 4. Recommendations of Global Evaluation

7. Higher political attention by partner countries to main stumbling blocks for aid reform: corruption and poverty reduction.
8. Donor governments find ways to overcome institutional and administrative obstacles slowing the reform down and manage risks more directly and honestly.
9. Intensify peer-pressure on free riders.

# 5. Unfinished business in Tanzania

- Predictability of aid.
- Use of country systems, procedures and rules.
- Capacity development and Technical Assistance to be clarified.
- Harmonisation of missions and studies

# 6. Joint call from Tanzania at Busan

The Government of Tanzania and its development partners presented the following joint key messages at Busan HLF

- 1 We want to continue...built and not reverse**
- 2. Broadening Partnership for better results**
- 3. Headquarter policies, support and will to change must improve**
- 4. Transformational change through Capacity Development**
- 5. Keep the compass on results, national ownership and Government leadership**